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Desires to intimate to the public that he has purchased
Building and Furniture, as lately occupied by Mrs. Heald
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ENTIRELY REFITTED
at great cost, and the premises will now be found
Replete with every Convenience
for the comfort of Families and Ladies and Gentlemen.
TERMS MODERATE.
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201 FIFTH ST.
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Fireproof—200 Rooms, all hard finished, well ventilated
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The most comfortable and homelike Hotel in the State
where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied.
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 **THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY**
Informed that the above hotel is now open for
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Wines and Liquors.

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—BY—

Holloway's Ointment.

The wonderful Ointment acts like magic in relieving
curing old sores, wounds, bad legs, ulcers and eruptions
of the skin; when rubbed on the surface it penetrates
and purifies each tissue on its passage, and exerts
the most wholesome influence over the internal structure of
it heals by cleansing all affluents fluid with which it comes
in contact, and thereby promotes a sound and permanent
cure.

Send for Phylotype.

For sufferers from the cracking pain of rheumatism and Gout this ointment will prove invaluable. After removing the pain with warm water the cooling action of this Ointment is most remarkable. It seems at once to lessen inflammation, ease pain, reduce the swelling, restore natural circulation, and expels the disease. For the above complaints Holloway's Ointment and Pills are infallible.

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For this class of diseases may be cured by rubbing this Ointment three times a day, upon the throat, chest and back of the patient. It will soon penetrate and give immediate relief. In all stages of Influenza, Cough and

All Varieties of Skin Diseases, Scrofula and Scurvy.

This Ointment is a certain cure for Ring-worm, Scrofula or King's Evil, and the most inveterate skin diseases to which the human race is subject. They cannot be treated with a safer or more speedy remedy than this. Ointment of Sulphur is a celebrated Remedy which act powerfully on the constitution and so purify the blood that these disorders are completely eradicated from the system, and a lasting cure obtained.

Dropsical Swellings.

severe of this dangerous and stealthy complaint, which frequently creeps upon us by slight and unobtrusive means, or trifling jaundice, of which little or no notice is taken until the legs begin to swell. The cause of the evil must be looked for in the liver and stomach, therefore set to work earnestly by taking Holloway's famous pills according to the printed instructions and rubbing theointment very effectively over the pit of the stomach and right side of the thoracic organs. Most dreadful cases of this kind have been cured by the combined influence of the Ointment and Pills.

Files, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These complaints are most distressing to both body and mind, in so delicacy concealing them from the knowledge of the most intimate friends. Persons suffering from files and fistular complaints when they might see Holloway's Ointment with instant relief, and effect beforehand without the annoyance of explaining their ailment to anyone.

Are immediately relieved and ultimately cured if this Ointment be well rubbed twice a day, into the small of the back, over the regions of the kidneys to which it will gradually penetrate and in almost every case give immediate relief; but perseverance will be necessary to effect a rough cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the fo-

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| Bad Legs, | Cancers, | Scalds, |
| Bad Breasts, | Contracted | Sore Nipples, |
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| Bite of Mosquitoes, | Fistulas, | Scurvy, |
| and Sald Flies, | Gout, | Sore Heads, |
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Is the great remedy for

Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations and Billious Affections.

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RHEUMATIC GOUT, GRAVEL, and other Complaints of the Bladder, and a safe and gentle medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and for the sickness of Pregnancy, Dinnetor's Magnesia is Indispensable.

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CHEAP for Cash, a superior quality of FRESH
 OREGON BACON and HAM.
 Also, best quality of Island, Oregon and California
 FRESH BUTTER, at
 A. H. FINANCES, ^{side}
 of Laguarda ^{Port street,} ~~road~~ ^{and} ~~bar~~ ^{and} ~~way~~ ^{way}
 50 BOXES OF FINE OREGON APPLES,
 Extra Superfine Flour, Superfine Flour, Grain,
 Feed, and a general assortment of Produce.

On Friday evening the question of Confederation was brought before the Legislature in the form of an address to the Queen in its favour, moved by the Hon. DeCosmos, and a resolution against it moved by the Hon. Woods. It requires but small powers of analysis to see the proceeding in its proper light; and to us the resolution of Mr. Woods appears an expression of personal feeling rather than public sentiment, of private interest rather than public good. It amounts absolutely to nothing, and moreover contradicts itself. It certainly enunciates no new sentiment, proclaims no new truth, suggests no new principle against the necessity or advantage of immediate Confederation—but it does indorse and confirm the action of the late Council in the premises, as well as sustain the proposition of the good which would be derived by both England and British Columbia from the Confederation of our North American territories. Still it proposes delay, and it is such contradiction which makes the proceeding suspicious. This carrying a suggestion of delay, under a presumed ignorance of what they know perfectly well—the precise working of Confederacy so far as tried, the terms on which we ought to be admitted and the necessity of immediate action by the Council, will be perfectly understood, we presume, by the Governments of England and Canada as an act accomplished by the official vote, and therefore to be considered as nothing more than a cry of official danger. We regret the Council should have attempted to delay what they cannot prevent, because an indorsement of the principle of immediate Confederation, even if not unanimous might have quickened the action of the two Governments, whose intentions we all thoroughly understand, and whose wishes—backed by the popular sentiment of the Colony—will eventually be carried into law in spite of any action pro or con our Council can take in the premises. If a few officials, combined with a few popular members of the Council, whose private interests, be it recollected, are all the same, think they can by a recommendation of delay thwart or frustrate the maturely determined plans of two such Governments as England and Canada, acting in obedience to the fiat of destiny, and the will of the British Columbia people, are very much mistaken, and by such short-sighted opposition make a record which hereafter may be used with prejudice to their power and position under the new regime when it comes as in the due course of events it will come. Such conduct reminds us of the old tale of the three tailors, who styled themselves “the people of England,” when they undertook to give Parliament a severe castigation, and will venture to predict have very much the same effect. We regret the resolution also as tending to injure the reputation of Mr. Wood, which has always stood high in our community. Instead of being the promoter of the people's wishes as heretofore in all that related to the good of the colony, he has now arrayed himself against the most determined expression on their part from Cariboo to Vancouver Island. Every town of influence in the colony, Barkerville, Yale, New Westminster, and Victoria has had its public meetings on Confederation, and decided in its favor. Thus Mr. Wood cannot be regarded as a popular member; he has been, and of course expects to be in the Government service, and we sadly fear the reputation he has earned for integrity and ability will not survive the issue he has now taken when that issue comes to be tried. It is very unfortunate when a man of such high character and standing is unjust to his country and himself. We have always contended that Confederation, long before it assumed its present tangible shape, was an English as well as a Colonial question, that it was the measure appointed by the Providence that has so long watched over and protected our country, by which her power and glory were to be transmitted to future ages; and that in that transmission, this colony inevitably becomes the keystone of a consolidated power which must actually govern half the world; and yet its council passes a resolution which strictly acknowledges all this, and at the same time says delay its accomplishment.

The Robson Smith fracas appears to have expended itself in a tirade of abuse indulged in by the complainant towards the Magistrates who tried the case, and in a long (and said to be partial) report in the *Columbian* of Saturday. The assaultee suffered considerably in body and the assaultor in reputation—the former from the hard knocks administered and the latter from allowing anything that could be said by the former to throw him off his balance. We admit the provocation was very great. No editor has a right to grossly insult a person—to say just sufficient to wound to the quick, yet not enough to afford the party assailed a chance to secure satisfaction in a Court of Law, and then, when challenged to combat, to evade personal responsibility by declining to fight the person he has injured. A plain narration of facts is not

a libel, nor does the honest opinion of a writer, temperately stated, justify an assault upon his person. It is of traveling beyond the facts—of a departure from the usual etiquette of a report of the Council proceedings to indulge in a fling at a fellow member, and to point at him the figurative finger of scorn, contempt and ridicule, wherein Mr. Smith has just cause for complaint. But he should have kept his temper—especially when the object against which he allowed it to get the better of him was so unworthy his notice. Let us hope, however, that the chastisement administered to the one, and the infliction of a heavy fine upon the other, will prove a wholesome lesson to both, and that we have heard the last of affairs of the kind in this Colony.

By Electric Telegraph
SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

EVENING SESSION.

Friday, April 24, 1868.
House met at 7 o'clock, p. m. Seventeen members present.

Hon DeCosmos moved that the following address be sent to the Queen:

TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

Most Gracious Sovereign:—

We, Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the Legislative Council of British Columbia, in Great Britain, would most respectfully represent:

I. That in an Act passed in the thirtieth year of Your Majesty's reign, entitled “The British North America Act, 1867,” provision is made for the admission of British Columbia into the Dominion of Canada.

II. That the 146th Section of the said Act declares that British Columbia may be admitted into the Dominion of Canada, provided that addresses to Your Majesty, containing the terms and conditions of such admission, shall be passed by the Houses of Parliament of Canada and the Legislature of British Columbia.

III. That Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the inhabitants of British Columbia, most earnestly desire that such admission may take place without delay, on the terms and conditions hereinafter enumerated.

IV. That, being fully convinced that such admission would, in a marked degree, strengthen British power and influence, and establish more firmly British Institutions in Your Majesty's Possessions in the North Pacific, and generally throughout all British North America, and faithfully representing as we do the general and expressed wishes of the inhabitants of this Colony, we earnestly desire that such admission may take place without delay, on the terms and conditions hereinafter enumerated.

V. Therefore we, Your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Members of the Legislative Council of British Columbia, humbly pray that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased to admit, without delay, the Colony of British Columbia into the Dominion of Canada, in accordance with the provisions of “The British North America Act, 1867,” and on the terms and conditions following:—

1. The limits of British Columbia, on and after admission, to be the same as at present.

2. The Dominion of Canada to become liable for the Public Debt of British Columbia, and make the same a charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund, the said debt not to exceed one million five hundred thousand dollars (\$1,500,000).

3. British Columbia to be liable for such portion of her Funded and Floating Debts as may exceed the said \$1,500,000.

4. The Dominion of Canada to pay annually out of her Consolidated Revenue Fund, in semi-annual advances, to British Columbia for the support of her local Government and Legislature, the sum of \$110,000, and also an Annual Grant in aid of the local Government of British Columbia, equal to Eighty cents per head of the population of British Columbia, the minimum number of said population, including Indians, not to be estimated at less than 40,000 at any time, and the increase of population after admission to be the increase of population other than Indians, and the said increase of population to be determined by census or otherwise, as may from time to time be expedient.

5. All Crown Lands, Mines, Minerals and Royalties situate in British Columbia at the time of admission, and all sums of money then due or payable, or that may afterward arise from such Crown Lands, Mines, Minerals and Royalties to belong to British Columbia and be under the exclusive control of its Government and Legislature.

6. Securities for money belonging to British Columbia, at the time of admission, to be the property of British Columbia.

7. All Public Works and Property of British Columbia, at the time of admission, to belong to the Colony of British Columbia.

8. The Dominion of Canada to construct, within two years after admission of British Columbia, a good Overland Wagon Road, extending from Lake Superior, Ontario, to the head of navigation on Lower Fraser River, British Columbia.

9. The Imperial Government to guarantee a Loan to construct the said Overland Road, if deemed expedient.

10. British Columbia to be represented in the Senate by not less than two Members, and in the Commons by not less than three Members, at any time.

11. At the first election of Representatives to the Commons and until otherwise provided by the Parliament of Canada, the Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia to proclaim what shall be the qualifications and disqualifications of Representatives and Electors, the boundaries of Electoral Districts, and the laws governing such Elections.

12. At the time of admission the Revenue Laws of the Dominion of Canada to extend and apply to British Columbia, and thereupon the Revenue Laws of British Columbia thereby affected to be null and void, and all Duties and Revenues derived in and from British Columbia under the Revenue Laws of the Dominion of Canada to belong to Canada.

13. The exclusive powers of Provincial Legislatures enumerated in the Ninety-second Section of The British North America Act, 1867, and all other provisions of the said Act that extend and apply generally to the Provinces of the Dominion of Canada and that may be applicable to British Columbia, except as otherwise in this Address provided, to extend and apply to British Columbia at and from the time of admission.

14. Except as otherwise provided, all Laws in force in British Columbia at the time of admission, and all Courts of Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction, and all Officers, Judicial, Administrative and Ministerial, existing therein at the time of admission to continue in British Columbia as if such admission had not taken place; subject nevertheless to be repealed, abolished or altered by the Parliament of Canada.

15. Until the Parliament of Canada provides otherwise, all Officers of British Columbia, at and from the time of admission, having duties to discharge in relation to matters other than those coming within the Classes of Subjects assigned by “The British North America Act, 1867,” to the Provinces, to be Officers of Canada.

16. And generally all such unenumerated provisions, acts and things as may be necessary to the due and proper execution of the terms and conditions herebefore enumerated, and to the granting of the Prayer of this Address.

17. And as in duty bound we will ever pray.

The hon mover then proceeded at some length to explain the various conditions and their relative advantages upon which Confederation should be accepted.

He was followed by hon Wood, who proposed the following resolution:

That this Council, while confirming their vote of last session in favor of the general principle of the necessity of the Union of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada, to accomplish the consolidation of British interests and institutions in North America, are still without sufficient information and experience of the proper working of Confederation in the North American Provinces to admit of their defining the terms on which such a Union would be advantageous to the local interests of British Columbia.

In moving the above resolution Mr Wood made a good speech. He was followed by several hon members, amongst whom hon Walkem and Robson spoke well, after which the mover of the original address (hon DeCosmos) followed with a long speech, in which he strongly animadverted upon the conduct of the Council for voting last year for Confederation and now turning round and advocating delay. He desired to withdraw his motion for the address, but the President ruled that the amendment should be taken first, which was accordingly done, and the amendment was carried by 12 to 4, Robson, Walkem, Stamp and DeCosmos voting in the negative.

Europe.

LONDON, April 22.—Sir Morton Peto and Lawrence Oliphant, have resigned their seats in parliament.

Barry and Keefe the two supposed Fenian incendiaries of Buckingham Palace, have been arrested and held for examination.

Johnson, the Orange Secretary, has been released from confinement at Belfast.

The trial of the Fenians accused of causing the Clerkenwell explosion has been continued. Several witnesses for the prosecution have been examined. Their testimony is very strong against the prisoners.

BERLIN, April 22.—Bismark has withdrawn from the North German Parliament the Federalist Bill introduced by the Government on account of the amendments to the bill by the opposition.

West Indies.

HAVANA, April 22.—A *Herald* special says the Spanish steam frigate Francisco de Azis, with Captain General Lersundi aboard, accompanied by telegraphic inspectors, engineers and superintendents of public works, arrived at Santiago de Cuba. Their object is to select stations here for the cable to the other Antilles.

Legislative Council.

Wednesday, April 22nd, 1868.

The Council met at 1 p. m. Present—Hons, Pemberton, Stamp, Hamley, Kerr, Elwyn, DeCosmos, Helmcken, Wood, Spalding, Crease, Cox, Ball, Trutch, Robson, Walkem, Smith, O'Reilly, Young (presiding).

Hon DeCosmos presented a petition from the members of the legal profession which he moved might be laid on the table, to be taken up again. Laid on the table accordingly.

PATENT SLIP ORDINANCE.

Hon DeCosmos asked leave to bring in an ordinance to empower the Mayor and Town Council of the City of Victoria to construct a Patent Slip.

1. By borrowing on the security of the City Revenues the sum of \$35,000, by the issue of bonds to be administered by the Mayor, 3 Councillors and 3 prominent Citizens.

2. By taking stock in an enterprise having that object in view started by private enterprise.

3. By the guarantee of a certain rate of interest on the requisite amount of capital invested by private individuals.

Leave being granted, the hon DeCosmos moved the first reading, which was done accordingly; The second reading being fixed for Monday next.

Hon Helmcken moved an address to the Governor praying that he will inform this Council of the reply of Her Majesty's Government to a resolution passed April 2nd, 1867, in answer to his Excellency's message No. 32.

Hon Helmcken gave notice that he would ask leave to introduce a bill to confirm the titles to land granted by the Hudson Bay Company.

Hon Walkem moved that his Excellency the Governor be requested to appropriate a sum of not less than \$5000 for construction of a trail between William Creek and Mosquito Creek.

Hon DeCosmos moved that a petition be sent to Her Majesty for the immediate Confederation of this Colony with the Dominion of Canada, embodying the terms upon which such Confederation should be based. Ordered to be printed.

Hon Stamp would ask to-morrow if it is the intention of the Government to grant relief to Saw Mills, by a drawback on exported lumber from this colony equal to the duties paid on goods consumed in the manufacture.

Hon Stamp would to-morrow ask the Colonial Secretary what steps, if any, have been taken by the Government of this Colony towards the formation of a Dry Dock at Esquimalt or elsewhere.

had little doubt if the Solicitors and Barristers were brought together, the larger proportion would be carried off by the higher branch of the profession. He knew he was making a speech against his own interest but at the same time he wanted to convince them that in taking the course he did, he was not seeking his own interest. He had been told by an officer of high standing in Canada that the two branches were always distinct in the large cities, but the question was, what was best for all? and what effect would the blending of the branches of the profession have in this colony? The scientific education necessary for a barrister fitted him to deal with the scientific department of law. The diversity of studies required a barrister to compress into his brain five or six branches of the profession, and if to those were added the practical department of an attorney, he asked hon members how they could expect the efficient performance of the duties. The barrister lives in comparative retirement, the nature of his studies renders that necessary. Solicitors are not scientific, but so far as their judgment and tact are concerned, they are the soundest friends of their clients. They have plenty to do in the practical details of their duties, and with them there is more need for fidelity. The Bar, by the force of circumstances, was pure, and rarely came in contact with the lower class of litigants, the degradation to meet with whom fell to attorneys. The Bar, on the other hand, would be exposed to many temptations, and it would always be advisable to preserve the Bar in its present purity, as of the greatest advantage to society. If the two branches were mingled together they could never expect to have educated barristers from England, who would not put up with such degradation; the English Bar he was proud to say was the purest in the world. What was more elevating to the mind of a barrister or more important to the community at large than the hope of one day becoming an honorable Judge? The bill would blend the two professions (one for all). The bill of last session would provide the means of securing this advantage to be obtained by amalgamation in this colony. If the two branches of the profession were joined in the United States, the Bench in that country was no model for this country. The Bench in Canada was only an approximation to our status (hear, hear).

Hon Walkem expected opposition from that quarter, simply because from the tenor of the hon gentleman's speech at the introduction of the bill he had divined his views on the subject. Some hon gentlemen had a happy trick of always referring to Canada touching matters of which they know nothing. He would relate a little anecdote showing the experience of the hon member who spoke last, in matters relating to a new country. In travelling up country in 1862, the hon gentleman observed a small branch of poplar lying in the road. Pointing it out, he said he supposed that was some of the hanging work of the Sappers. The fact was the branch had been cut down by the Sappers. This was a good instance of the hon gentleman's colonial experience. The fact was that English barristers came here to starve, for want of that very scientific knowledge that the hon gentleman boasts so much about. The present was not a question of status, but public policy. The hon gentleman spoke of the degradation attending the Bar when forced into the practical details of the profession. He would instance such men as Henry Clay, Chief Justice Story, and others who had gone through that degradation, and were none the worse for it. For his part, he could not see degradation in a little manual work, it was better than riding about the streets, gardening, or what not. It is not whether the profession desires the change, but whether the public requires it or not. The hon gentleman evidently made a stab at this colony, but he could assure the House that bills of costs in Victoria were treble what they were in Cariboo, although involving property of at least equal value. He might be arguing against himself, but he never felt the degradation of filling up his own writs or drawing his own briefs never saw anything degrading that would have exposed to his client. There was another point the hon gentleman spoke of, lowering the Bar to the level of the attorney, but he never spoke of elevating the attorney to the level of the Bar. The learned gentleman spoke of the lower orders of attorneys, there were barristers as low as any to be found amongst the most degraded of attorneys, the only blot on the Bar of this colony was caused by an English barrister. Did the hon gentleman mean to say that if the two branches of the profession were amalgamated people would not know the good from the bad lawyers then as now. To show how well the public know how to choose, in Victoria at the present moment there are many most respectable attorneys, and the most respectable of them have so much work to do that they cannot get through it. This wonderful science that the hon gentleman is so wonderfully gifted with is not arbitrary in choice of brains; it was doubtless necessary for the hon gentleman to study books for it, and he did not see why attorneys should not do the same. The scientific English barristers when consulted, were always in their hands. The Ordinance would be of great public advantage, and was universally desired; it was a well known fact, that at Victoria the greater numbers of cases had been settled by arbitration, the terror of going to law was so great in consequence of the heavy costs. No such cases occur in the upper country, the clients there place more confidence in their legal advisers. He presumed the hon gentleman had never been in the United States except when crossing towards this colony, hence he could not know much of the United States Bench. Had this colony prospered as it was first expected, we should have had fifty of these scientific English barristers and fifty more every year. Rather than see this measure defeated again, he would agree to accept the bill of last session in committee. Because Judge Needham had ruled that the bill was not in force, that was no reason why the principle of the bill should not be carried out.

Hon DeCosmos—After the very able speech of the gentleman who had just sat down, he did not think it was necessary for him to make any remarks. What the bill before them contained the public demanded and must have. The hon and learned mover of the amendment had made a statement that he thought was incorrect. It was his own impression and that of the last speaker, hence there were two to one in favor of his being correct.

Hon Crease said he rose to support the amendment of the hon Wood, who had clearly pointed out the distinction in the profession which ought to be maintained. All the replies to that speech had merely evaded the arguments so decidedly advanced by the hon Solicitor General. The result of the present bill would be to bowl over the barristers altogether. The bill would amalgamate the two branches of the professions in this colony once and for all future time. The bill of last session had certain reservations that would not act as a safeguard in the future. In spite of all that had been stated by the member for Cariboo, he must maintain that the bench of the United States was unfit for imitation in this colony; he would not advise the Council to amalgamate the two branches of the profession in the manner proposed by this bill.

Hon Robson had listened with a great deal

of interest to the very effective speech of the member for Cariboo. He thought; however, that the necessity existing in our small community was a better argument and more likely to bring conviction than fine speeches. The amalgamation of the two branches always existed in Canada, and men who would compare favorably with any Judges in the world had attained the bench, after all the drudgery so plaintively dwelt upon by the hon and learned Solicitor General. The barristers who came to this country from Canada were only third or fourth rate men, and yet were able to hold their own with the scientific Canadian lawyers had plenty to do in their own country.

Hon Wood would only reply to two points in the arguments of the preceding speaker. Petitions had been presented to that House from the professional men of Victoria, but never from the public. The whole public of Victoria coincided in preferring the present status of the profession; he did not mean to say that the filling up of writs was degrading, except intellectually. He occasionally brushed his own boots, that was not degrading, but it was decidedly not improving or instructive.

Hon DeCosmos said the purport of all the hon gentleman's speech had been to say that he was very learned. Now learned gentlemen were expected to be at least familiar with the framework of their profession, but the hon and learned gentleman had shown a lamentable ignorance of an unquestionable fact in relation to the rules of the Court in Victoria. The learned gentleman had stated that any one could send in a petition to the Judge to have the rules of the Court altered. This was not the case. If the present bill was thrown out, a measure of a much more radical character would be introduced before long, and the profession would be thrown open to all alike, whether possessed of a legal education or not.

The House then divided, when the hon Wood's amendment was lost. The bill was then read a second time and would be committed to a select committee.

BILL RESPECTING DRAWBACKS.

Hon DeCosmos asked leave to bring in a bill respecting Drawbacks, in which he was supported by the hon Helmcken. Leave granted. The bill was read the first time; second reading on Friday.

SUPREME COURTS BILL.

The House went into committee of the whole to consider report of the select committee.

Strangers were ordered to withdraw.

After the doors were re-opened hon Wood would respectfully ask the Colonial Secretary whether or no it would be consistent with the views of the dispatch of the Right Hon the Secretary for the Colonies, so at least to remodel the bill sent down to the Council, as to allow of concurrent jurisdiction given to the present Supreme Court, and an appeal as of right. He could not think that the dispatch in question was intended to force upon the Colony an Ordinance which was offensive to all classes. He thought the dispatch could only be construed as intended to set at rest the doubt hanging over the existence of the Supreme Court at Victoria. It was quite obvious from the context that attention was never drawn to the evils of which the Colony has so great a right to complain, and that if we passed the bill sent from home without amendment as an Ordinance to be accepted without any modification, we should be not only doing the Colony a serious injury, but we should also be throwing an odium on the Government at home, for which they would little thank us. He urged that it was of vital importance that no narrow or merely literal construction of that dispatch should be taken; but that we should presume that was intended to be done which we could ourselves constitutionally do, and provide for our own wants in our own way after our understanding had been brought to bear upon it. The idea of the Home Government blindly ruling us from Downing Street, without a possibility of our suggesting any alteration to a mischievous measure was surely an injustice, not only to them but to us. Should contrary opinion prevail and it were deemed by the Government of the Colony imperative upon them to pass this Ordinance in its present offensive form, it is impossible to overstate the intensity of public disapprobation. It is obvious to all that, to use the words of an hon member, the Bill provides simply for the professional rank of two individuals at the expense of the due administration of justice. It is notoriously opposed to public opinion as expressed by all classes of the community. It continues for an indefinite term the obvious evil of two local Courts with jurisdiction and single Judges an evil aggravated by the small numerical population of the Colony. The continued existence of two district courts with independent jurisdictions, with different rules of practice, and administering different laws tends to keep the former Colonies of British Columbia and Vancouver Island alienated in feeling and isolated one from the other. It provides for no appeal as of right. It provides no regular constitution for the proposed New Supreme Court of British Columbia when it comes into operation. Without appeal as of right there is no due safeguard for life, reputation and property against the possible partiality, prejudice, carelessness, corruptness or incapacity of single Judges, having absolute authority subject only to an expensive and arbitrary appeal to England. The action of the Home Government in forcing the bill in question upon the Colony is an invasion of its constitution. The bill should, if at all, have been passed through the Parliament of the United Kingdom, and its existence in our Statute Book is an affront of the public spirit and common sense of this Council; and lastly, it will be urged that this bill, so contrary to public feeling and intended to control it should, if at all, have been passed through the Parliament of the United Kingdom, and that its existence in our Statute Book where it is supposed to appear as the result of our public spirit and common sense, in reality outrages both. The hon gentleman considered that in the face of these obvious and heavy charges the Government could hardly fail to hesitate before shutting out the possibility of the amendment, sufficient at least to provide for a concurrent jurisdiction in the present Supreme Courts in all parts of the Colony, and an appeal to all the Judges as of right.

Hon DeCosmos—Were we in the position of obeying a despotic master? did we hold allegiance to a satrapy? would either official or representative men be right in accepting such an Ordinance? For his part he would send a protest to Her Majesty's Government in which he would be joined by every one of his constituents. The Imperial Government might have the power, but he would convince them that we were not slaves in spirit, at least. The Governor should have taken the responsibility on himself to show Her Majesty's Government how they were degrading us. Let them send an appeal to Her Majesty the Queen. Had such an Ordinance been proposed to the Government of the Dominion it would have been received with a yell of indignation that would reach from Lake Superior to Newfoundland. The men who would vote for such an Ordinance were unworthy a free nation.

Hon Robson—The fine speeches of hon members were not likely to bring about the desired change. He deprecated the strong language applied to the Queen's representa-

tive. They might tear up the bill and throw it in the face of the Imperial Minister, but that would be more likely to embarrass than solve the question at issue. The real practical question was, shall we pension off one of the Judges or take the course pointed out by the bill? He thought the latter was the proper one. Her Majesty's Government would find a place very soon for one of the Judges; the bill being intended only to make temporary provision for them, and to put their position here beyond the shadow of doubt. He thought it was a piece of useless bravado to fly in the face of the Colonial Office. The bill might not be very acceptable, but it was better than none.

Hon Walkem—The bill from England merely places the status of two gentlemen beyond a doubt. The Colony desired the amalgamation of the Courts, and it was degrading to think that we had come to be obliged to do the bidding of the Colonial Office, and that office had displayed an amount of ignorance in relation to what was required by the Colony almost incredible. In comparing the two Courts here to the Court of Common Pleas, and the Court of Queen Bench in England. What we wanted was to make the two Courts concurrent. The present system had only the effect of making endless confusion and harassing suitors. He thought the official members should not be blamed for giving their votes for Government, but he hoped they would look upon the present bill as pointed out by the hon member for Victoria. Let us convince them in England that we know something.

Hon Helmcken would ask official members not to vote for the bill. He hoped they would remain steadfast in their allegiance to the people; but not conscientiously. The bill had nothing in common with the interests of the people and should be rejected.

Hon Crease—The present bill was of considerable importance to the country at this time, and it was desirable that every member of this House should express his views and wishes on the subject in order that a practical and satisfactory solution may be arrived at as a cure for the difficulty we are here in. We must judge which is the best alternative instead of putting different ways, we must endeavour to get at the same result. The only course to his mind was to carry the bill through as it stood, and then accompany it by as strong and clear a resolution or draft bill, expressive of the Council's opinion as to what was best for the country, as they could frame. If they adopted any other course they would not reach the result desired by the House so quickly or so effectually as by that mode. If they framed any other measure, which would be most unwise, it might not possibly be assented to or if it was, it would only be shifting from the Home Government to the shoulders of the Colony the responsibility of arranging with the Judges, which was not to be desired. They must look upon this bill as one of practical expediency.

Hon DeCosmos thought it had been a very undesirable proceeding to have brought forward that dispatch at all. They might have been asked to note as a matter of expediency, but with that dispatch before them there was no excuse.

Hon Young—The hon member for Victoria says that it was unadvisable to bring forward the dispatch, but he trusted the House was not of that opinion. It had always been his desire to furnish the House with the fullest information on every subject of interest to the Colony at large. In the present instance it was necessary to show how the measure stands. Before it was brought before the House it had the careful consideration of the Executive Government, and if any other course had been found practicable it would have been pointed out. There was no attempt to thrust the measure down on the Council, it was only pointed out as the most expedient way of getting over the present difficulty. It was simply a suggestion as to the best mode of disposing of the question by practically supporting the bill. In considering questions of such importance a temporary abuse of Government should be cast to one side. It was improper to say that the officers of Government were in opposition to the people, he was sure there was no one there present who took a warmer interest in the welfare of the people of this Colony than he did. He was in fact one of the people, he had cast his lot in the country, and no one could feel more interest in its well being than he did. It was not the way to act toward the public servants, imputing personalities, a desire on their to oppose the wishes of the people; when on the contrary, it was their earnest desire to serve them to the best of their abilities. Had there been any other practical alternative Government would not have brought the present measure forward, it had been carefully considered by the Executive before it was laid before the House. The only alternative that he could see was to pension off one of the Judges, and be as a tax payer decidedly obliged to that course. There could be no doubt that Her Majesty's Government was alive to the difficulty and would relieve the Colony of one of the Judges at the earliest possible moment. By supporting the measure before the House they would be advancing the interests of the country at large, and at the same time take the speediest mode of removing the present inconvenience and difficulty.

Several clauses of the bill were then passed when the Committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

Fire Inquest Bill read first time, second reading for Friday.

The Trustees Relief Bill was read a third time and passed.

The Incorporation of the Sisters of Saint Ann Bill read a third time and passed.

The House then adjourned till one p. m. to-morrow.

New Advertisements.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.
THE MEMBERS OF THE SOCIETY
will be paid on the 27th of April, 1868, at the Office of G. Saito & Co.

By order of the President,
JAMES BURNS, Secretary.

ESTATE OF GEO. LANDVOIGT.
THIRD DIVIDEND IN ABOVE ESTATE
will be paid on the 27th of April, 1868, at the Office of G. Saito & Co.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE
Partnership heretofore existing between G. Saito & Co. and J. M. Reid, as partners in the firm of G. Saito & Co. is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. The business to be continued by G. Saito & Co. who alone are accountable for the debts due to the firm and pay the accounts against the same.

G. O. GRIFFIN,
W. C. BRYANT.

GAME PRESERVATION SOCIETY.
Victoria, N. I., April 24, 1868.
A SOCIETY HAS BEEN FORMED
this day for the preservation of game, and to prevent the destruction of game during the breeding season. All persons having game in their possession from the 1st of March to the 31st of April, 1868, are requested to attend the meeting of the Society, which will be held on the 27th of April, 1868, at the Office of G. Saito & Co.

COMMITTEE.
P. DASHIELL, O. A. BROWN,
J. B. ROBERTS, J. JACKSON,
T. L. SHULTZ, B. PEARCE,
T. L. STALSHMIDT.

M. W. P. DRAKE, Hon. Sec.

THE BRITISH COLONIST.
Monday Morning, April 27, 1868.

MEMORANDA.
Steamship GEO. S. WRIGHT, Henry Langdon, Master, sailed from Portland Thursday April 24th, at 7 o'clock, p.m.; crossed the Bar at 2 o'clock, a.m.; Friday, April 25th, arrived at Neah Bay; Saturday morning arrived at Victoria.

PASSENGERS.
Per steamer GEO. S. WRIGHT from Portland—Mr. Mr. H. B. Wright, (W. & Co's Agent), T. H. Taylor, Mr. Hill, Thos Smith Mr. Muller.

CONSIGNEES.
Per steamer GEO. S. WRIGHT from Portland—H. B. Co, D. O. H. Northcote, H. H. W. F. & D. T. Co, Order, R. & H.

IMPORTS.
Per steamer GEO. S. WRIGHT from Portland—108 sks bacon, 3 bles mico, 120 sks flour, 30 do wheat, 1 do bacon, 1 bles mico, 600 sks flour, 30 do wheat, 30 sks bacon, 472 do bran, 100 do middlings, 400 do flour, 6 bles beef, 16 bid cattle.

MARRIED.
In this City, April 24th, at St. John's Church, Victoria, British Columbia, by the Very Rev. E. Origo, Dean of Victoria, the Rev. Robert Tomlinson, Church Miss. Soc., fourth son of the Rev. Thomas Tomlinson, Rector of St. James, Dublin, Ireland, to Alice Mary, second daughter of Richard Woods, Esq., Garbally, V. I., formerly of Parisstown, Ireland. No cards.

DIED.
In this City, Sunday, April 26th, Mary Jane, daughter of Thomas J. and Catharine Burns, aged 10 months and 12 days.

Auction Sales To-day.
J. A. McCREA, Wharf street, will sell, at 11 o'clock, Groceries and Provisions; also Boots and Shoes; also Shirts; also Sals, &c.

THEATRE ROYAL.—This evening will be presented Bourciquault's celebrated dramatization of Dickens' Christmas Carol of the Cricket on the Hearth. To an English community nothing need be said of the merits of this famous little tale, for we presume that the cricket are not familiar. You can imagine no character more suited to the force, vigor and earnestness of Miss Stone's acting than that of Dey, and we shall be much mistaken, after her splendid success on Friday night, if she does not outshine herself in it. The other cast of characters is good, John Perrybingle and Charles Clarke ought to be synonymous; while with Mrs. Fowles as Bertha, and Marsh junr., as Tilly Slowboy, the thing is brought as near perfect as we can expect to have it in Victoria at present. In the Stranger, by no means an easy character, to sustain, we hope Mr. Gregory will throw a little more life into his acting than usual, for much of the success of the piece will depend upon his doing so.

ARRIVAL OF THE GEORGE S. WRIGHT.—The propeller Geo. S. Wright, Capt. Langdon, arrived from Portland on Saturday afternoon at 5 1/2 o'clock, bringing a few passengers, 16 head of cattle and 80 tons of freight for Victoria consignees. The G. S. Wright met the steamer Active, hence for Portland, about 20 miles north of Columbia River bar, at 8 o'clock on Friday afternoon. The weather was fine and sea smooth, and the Active probably got safely into the river the same evening. Messrs Kamm & Tarbell, owners of the Geo. S. Wright, came in her, and we learn have not decided in which trade they will place their boat. Since her last appearance in these waters the Wright has been fitted up handsomely. Her sea-going qualities are well known, and she will give a good account of herself on whatever route she may be run.

ODD FELLOWS' ANNIVERSARY.—Yesterday was the 49th anniversary of the foundation of this continent of this excellent and beneficial society, whose influence, like that of the Masons, is felt all over the world. A procession of about forty members was formed at the hall of the Society, on Fort street, and then proceeded to the Presbyterian Church. The sermon was preached by the Rev. Thomas Somerville, Chaplain of the Order, in his usual eloquent style. The Order will give a dinner on Tuesday, and we understand a ball on same night, which is expected to be a select and pleasant affair.

NANAIMO.—The steamer Sir James Douglas came down from Nanaimo on Saturday evening. She reports the steamship Oriflamme taking in coal at Nanaimo on Saturday afternoon. She had 130 U. S. troops on board, and was filled with munitions of war and stores. It was expected she would sail for the North on Sunday. The ship Eldorado would complete her cargo of coals for San Francisco on Tuesday. The Douglas brought down 20 passengers and a few tons of barley and oats.

ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON not less than three steamers arrived at the same moment. The Isabel from Barrard Inlet, the George S. Wright from Portland, and the Douglas from Nanaimo. They gave the bay an animated appearance, and caused a large number of persons to collect on the wharves.

THE ENTERPRISE arrived at 10 1/2 o'clock yesterday morning from New Westminster, having been detained by the sitting of the Council on Saturday night. Among the passengers were Hous, Smith, Walkem, Stamp and Pemberton. A Cariboo express and mail also arrived.

A NOTED CHARACTER SHOT.—Samuel Brannan, a California millionaire, was shot and dangerously wounded in Napa County, in that State, on the 17th inst., by a squatter on his land who lay in ambush. After being shot, Brannan was robbed of his watch by his assailant.

MAILS COMING AT LAST.—The steamship John L. Stephens sailed from San Francisco on Saturday afternoon for Portland with the Victoria mails. She will connect with the Active at Astoria for Victoria.

ARRIVED.—The bark Oakland, consigned to Mr. R. Brodick, arrived yesterday from San Francisco. She will load at Barrard Inlet for lumber for Sitka.

MR. FRANK TARBELL, of the steamer Geo. S. Wright, and Wells, Fargo & Co., have placed us under obligations for full files of late papers.

IN ORDER to meet the means of all classes we are requested to state that Mr. Harcourt has reduced the price of his Pamphlet on the Colony from \$1 to 50 cents for single copies.

New Advertisements.

The British and Foreign MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.
Capital, One Million Pounds Sterling

DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL AND LONDON:
THOMAS CHILTON, Chairman,
A. BORD and H. T. WILSON, Deputy Chairmen.

Francis C. Braun, Andrew Malcolmson,
Francis A. Clift, Robert Maxwell,
Charles B. Colchester, George M. Pajayanni,
Wm James Fenolo, John Park,
Arthur B. Forwood, Charles K. Prioleau,
P. G. Heyworth, John Ravenscroft,
Thomas Harrison, James Scarratt,
Thomas Kendall, Samuel Stitt,
Edward Lawrence, Thomas Stephenson,
George Lyall, R. Wilkin & Co.,
LONDON OFFICES, 25 CORNHILL.

LIVERPOOL:
Manager and Underwriter, - Robert N. Dale
Secretary, Walter D. Pitt.
OFFICES, MANCHESTER BUILDINGS,
LONDON OFFICES, 25 CORNHILL.

Marine Insurance effected to all parts of the World.
When required Losses may be made payable at San Francisco, Hongkong, Shanghai, Melbourne, Sydney, &c. &c.

JANION, RHODES & CO.,
Agents

PACKERS ATTENTION.

ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY HORSES

MULES,

FIRST-CLASS ORDER,

Apparahoos and Rigging,

FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT.

THESE ANIMALS, NOW AT ALKALI
Lake, were at grass during the whole of last summer, and are the finest Pack Animals in the country.

ALSO,

TEN FINE TEAM HORSES

AND

Six Team Mules.

With or Without Harness.

Apply at any Telegraph Office. All telegrams to the undersigned for further information will be sent Free of Charge.

F. W. LAMB,
Superintendent W. U. Tel. Co.
New Westminster, April 24, 1868. ap25 1m

THEATRE ROYAL

MANAGER - R. G. MARSH
STAGE MANAGER - H. F. STONE
TECHNICAL - MR. S. FARWELL
LEADER OF ORCHESTRA - MR. HAYNES.

Engagement for SIX NIGHTS of the celebrated
SENSATION STAR
MISS AMYSTONE
Assisted by the Popular Comedian and Pantomimist
MR. HENRY F. STONE

ALSO,

MISS M. FIELD,
MR. M. S. GREGORY,
MR. G. R. CAINE,
MR. T. E. MORRIS,
(All of the San Francisco Theatres.)

Supported by
MRS. JENNY ARNOT FOWLES,
MISS LIZZIE FROWAN,
MISS E. L. A.
MR. CHARLES CLARKE, AND OTHERS
Forming a Powerful Corps Dramatique.

MONDAY EVE., APRIL 27,
Will be produced Charles Dickens' great work in 3 chapters, dramatized by Dion Boucicault, entitled,
DOT.
OR THE CRICKET ON THE HEARTH.

DOT.—MISS AMYSTONE
Caleb Plummer - Mrs. JENNY ARNOT FOWLES
Tilly Slowboy - Miss LIZZIE FROWAN
Blind Bertha - Miss E. L. A.
The rest of the Characters by the entire above named Company.

To Conclude with the laughable Farce of
SKETCHES IN INDIA.

For Particulars see bills of the day.

BOX-OFFICE open on MONDAY from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Dress-Circle and Parquette, \$1; Pit, 60 cts.; Secured Seats, \$1 50; Private Boxes, \$5 and \$10.
Doors open at 7 1/2; Curtain will rise Quarter-past 8 o'clock.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY
ABLE AND ORDINARY SEAMEN
for China, Valparaiso and Australia.
Apply to
J. NAGLE, Agent,
Bastion street.

NOTICE TO CARPENTERS.
TENDERS ARE REQUESTED FOR
erecting a Frame Building on View street.
For Particulars, apply to
J. ROBERTSON STEWART.
Wharf street.
April 22, 1868. ap23 2w

WANTED.
A FIRST-CLASS BOOT MAKER AT
Port Gable, W. T. None but a competent workman need apply.
Apply at THIS OFFICE for particulars, or personally to the undersigned, at Port Gable.
ap22 L. STENING.

SADDLE FOUND.
ON BURDETT AVENUE, ON Saturday, which the owner can have on proving property and paying for this advertisement.
Apply to
MR. W. S. GREEN,
Government street.
ap21 1w

NOTICE
A PERSON HAVING CLAIMS
against the Victoria Press will please present them for payment on or before the 27th inst., and persons indebted to the same, whose accounts have been rendered, are particularly requested to settle on or before that date.
HIGGINS, LONG & CO.
April 21st, 1868. ap21

Auction Sales.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CIVIL JUSTICE OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, B.C.

IN CHANCERY.

Mason and Assignee of Balls vs. Rowland and others.

PURSUANT to an order of the Chief Justice Needham made in the above case,

WILL BE SOLD BY AUCTION

By
P. M. BACKUS

AT SALESROOM

Wharf street.

Monday, May 18th,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON.

The fee simple of Town Lot No. 101, having a frontage of feet on Rao Street with feet in depth, and also the substantial Brick Buildings thereon, consisting of two Dwelling Houses, each containing eight Rooms. On the Basement there are Parlors, Sitting Rooms and Sculleries, and on the upper story four Rooms, and other necessary offices are attached to the houses, as also a Cistern for receiving and distributing rain water, and a Well of good spring water in the yard.

The houses were built at considerable expense and are well finished, having brick partitions dividing the principal rooms, and are all hard finished.

Further particulars may be known on application to Mr. R. BISHOP, the Solicitor in the cause, or of the Auctioneer.

Immediately after the above, will be sold by Auction at the Salesroom of Mr BACKUS,

LAND & BUILDING,

Situate at
ESQUIMALT,

By Order of His Honor Chief Justice Needham *In Re* the Administration of G. W. Moore, intestate, deceased.

THE BUILDING KNOWN AS

The Royal Restaurant

Situate at the head of the Town of Esquimalt,

WITH THE ADJOINING LAND.

Further particulars as to title and conditions of sale may be known on application, either to the Auctioneer, or at the office of

ROBERT BISHOP,
Bastion street, Victoria.
Dated 25th April, 1868. ap27

AUCTION.

THIS DAY

Monday, April 27th,

J. A. McCREA

WILL SELL,

AT SALESROOM

Wharf Street

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

Groceries,

AND

Provisions.

Rice, Tea, Coffee, Raisins, Beef, Candles, Lard, Bacon, Brooms, Dried Apples, Soap, Coal Oil, Butter, Straw Paper, Sauces, &c.

ALSO

Tin Ware, Boilers, Stove and Stove Pipe, Scales, Pumps, Sheet Brass, Pickle, Baler, Bottoms, Fire Bricks, Rockers, Stove Backs, Sheet Iron, Camp Ovens, Tea Kettles, Dog Collars, &c., &c.

And other Goods.

ap24

ALSO

Boots and Shoes,

To Close a Consignment,

Superior Calf Pegged and Nailed Boots, Nailed brogans and Boy's Boots.

Ladies' and Misses' Balmorals, latest styles.

Ladies' fashionable Gaiters.

ALSO

Two cases superior L. L. India Rubber Boots.

ALSO,

For Account of whom it may Concern,

DAMAGED ON VOYAGE OF IMPORTATION,

—Dry Woollen Undershirts,

—Crimean Shirts.

ap25

ALSO

One Safe

ap27

THOMAS HARRIS

FAMILY MARKET,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA,
(Adjoining the London House.)

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTORS

Dealer in
MEATS and VEGETABLES.

ap3

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT LOW RATES, ON FIRST-CLASS
security.
Houses to Let, Town and Country Property for Sale.
Apply to
F. ALLES,
Government street, near Broughton.
ap21 1m*

I. O. O. F.

THE 49TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE
fraternal order of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, celebrated by the members of Victoria Lodge No. 1, on Sunday, the 26th inst., by attending divine service in brother the Rev. Thos. Somerville's church, at 11 o'clock, forenoon. The Brethren are requested to assemble in the Lodge Room on that day at 10 30 a.m.
At 6 30 p.m. on Tuesday, the 25th inst., guests will meet in the German Hall, Yates street, and partake of a dinner.
Savouring Brethren in good standing are cordially invited to be present.
Tickets for the Dinner can be obtained until Monday evening, the 27th inst., from
JOHN WEAVER, P. G.,
JACOB WELLS, P. G.,
CHAS. HOWLE, P. G.,
JAMES FELL, S. M.,
JOSHUA DAVIES, R. S.,
JAMES GILLON, P. S.
Hall of Victoria Lodge, No. 1
Victoria, B. C., 21st April, 1868. ap22

SUMMER CLOTHING.—WM. WILSON,
opposite Post-office, is now showing a very Superior Assortment of SUMMER CLOTHING, received direct from England, ex Oriflamme.

ap20 1m

NOTICE
A PERSON INTERESTED TO THE
late Firm of Harris & Murray are requested to make payment to JOHN MURRAY, the undersigned, who is alone authorized to receive the same. All amounts unpaid on the 15th February instant will be then placed in a Solicitor's hands for collection.
JOHN MURRAY
Corner Fort and Douglas streets.
Victoria, V. I., B. C., 12th February, 1868. ap13 1m

TO LET
A BAKERY, AT ESQUIMALT, WELL
fitted with all the appliances for carrying on the business.
Apply to
SAMUEL NESBITT,
Yates street, Victoria.
ap11 1m

G. SUTRO & CO.,
Corner of Yates and Wharf Streets,
IMPORTERS OF
CIGARS
AND
TOBACCO.

ap11 2w

Auction Sales.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF CIVIL JUSTICE OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, B.C.

IN CHANCERY.

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THE BUILDING KNOWN AS

The Royal Restaurant

Situate at the head of the Town of Esquimalt,

WITH THE ADJOINING LAND.

Further particulars as to title and conditions of sale may be known on application, either to the Auctioneer, or at the office of

ROBERT BISHOP,
Bastion street, Victoria.
Dated 25th April, 1868. ap27

Reduction of Freight

FREIGHT

From Soda Creek to Quesnelmouth

During the ensuing season,
WILL BE CARRIED ON THE
Steamer Enterprise
AT 1 1/2 CENTS PER POUND.

The vessel will not be responsible for leakage of Coal Oil or any liquids shipped in tin.
Victoria, March 19, 1868. ap20 1m

H. H. NAGLE,
Accountant, Collector and General Agent.

DEBTS AND RENTS COLLECTED
Loans negotiated, Accounts made up, and General Agency business transacted.
Office—Government street, Four doors south of Port street.
ap8 1m

NOTICE.
FROM AFTER THIS DATE, WE
caution the public in general against giving credit to any person or persons on our accounts, as we will not be responsible for any debt incurred by any persons.
HENRY AND ELIZABETH McTUGH.
April 11th, 1868. ap12w*

TO BE DISPOSED OF,
on
The Island of San Juan,
About 1 1/2 miles from the British Camp,
A CLAIM OF 160 ACRES; 60 ACRES
under cultivation and Fenced in. Farming implements, &c. Also, the Dwelling and Outhouses.
Apply to
MR. JNO. A. FRAZER,
San Juan Island.
ap13 1m*

W. FRANK & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
Wood & Willow Ware,
PAINT BRUSHES,
BRUSHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Brooms, Feather Dusters, Twines and Lines, Toys of all Descriptions, Fancy Goods, Children's Carriages, &c., &c.
406 & 408 BATTERY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Would inform the public that having just received large reinforcements in the above articles, in addition to their already extensive stock, do offer to their customers, at a public sale, large advantages superior to any other house on the Pacific Coast.
Call and inspect our Stock and Examine our Prices.
ap8 8m in

Real Estate

CITY PROPERTY.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

WILL SELL

BY PUBLIC AUCTION

Friday, May 1st, 1868

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

Johnson street Property

ALL those certain pieces or parcels of Land, situate in the City of Victoria, B. C., and known on the Official Map of same as Town Lots Nos. 834, 835, 836, 837, 838 and 839 in Block X. Each Lot having a frontage of 60 feet by a depth of 120 feet.

ALSO,

TOWN LOT No. 25 on Frederic street, Victoria West, in Block F, 60 feet front by a depth of 120 feet.

ALSO;

For Account of whom it may Concern,
By Order of the Mortgagee,

ALL those certain pieces or parcels of Land (comprised in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated February 1st, 1866), situate in the City of Victoria, B. C., and known on the map of same as subdivisions Lot 19, 20, 21 and 22, of Block F, 60 feet front by a depth of 120 feet.

TERMS

25 per cent. to be paid on fall of the hammer, the balance on completion of deeds.

ACTS OF SALE AT BUYER'S EXPENSE

ap27

5 Minutes Past 12,

HOT LUNCH

—AT THE—

BEE HIVE, FORT-ST.

ma27 1m

C. F. BARNARD, M. D.
Mechanical & Surgical Dentist.
OFFICE:—Douglas street, first house on the right South of Fort street.

ALL BRANCHES OF THE PRO-
fession skillfully executed. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Chloroform, Ether, or "Rigidene Spray."
Charge for the Extraction of Adult Teeth and Child's Second Teeth, without "Spray" or Chloroform, 10 cts. Charge for Fillings and other Work, reduced, so as to conform somewhat to the exigency of the times. Plates of Silver, Gold, or Vulcanite made, strongly and satisfactorily repaired, whether partially broken or completely divided in two. Advice gratis.
Victoria, V. I., B. C., Aug. 9th, 1867. ly10 1y

NOTICE
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I
will only accept COIN for RENTS as well as for any other payments to be made to me.
ap10 1m
LD. LOWENBERG

W. FRANK & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
Wood & Willow Ware,
PAINT BRUSHES,
BRUSHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Brooms, Feather Dusters, Twines and Lines, Toys of all Descriptions, Fancy Goods, Children's Carriages, &c., &c.
406 & 408 BATTERY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Would inform the public that having just received large reinforcements in the above articles, in addition to their already extensive stock, do offer to their customers, at a public sale, large advantages superior to any other house on the Pacific Coast.
Call and inspect our Stock and Examine our Prices.
ap8 8m in

Auction Sales.

J. P. Davies & Co

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Salesroom, Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on Consignments.

NOTICE

The Cattle Sale Yard will be opened as a Public Market every SATURDAY, from 7 to 12, noon, for the Sale of such Cattle and Produce as may be offered.

Scale of Charges can be known on application to

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
ap10 Auctioneers.

TUESDAY,

J. P. DAVIES & Co.

WILL SELL,

AT SALESROOM

Wharf Street,

TO-MORROW

Tuesday, April 28th,

AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

GROCERIES

AND

CIGARS,

For Account of San Francisco Owners,
PARTICULARS TO-MORROW.

ap27

Real Estate

CITY PROPERTY.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

WILL SELL

BY PUBLIC AUCTION

Friday, May 1st, 1868

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

Johnson street Property

ALL those certain pieces or parcels of Land, situate in the City of Victoria, B. C., and known on the Official Map of same as Town Lots Nos. 834, 835, 836, 837, 838 and 839 in Block X. Each Lot having a frontage of 60 feet by a depth of 120 feet.

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BRUSHES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
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Call and inspect our Stock and Examine our Prices.
ap8 8m in

New Advertisements.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

The Undersigned have a large stock in Bond and Duty paid, which they offer for Sale at Reasonable Rates, consisting of:

BRANDY—Assorted Brands in bulk and cases.
RUSSIA—Jamaica and Demerara in Hhds.
GIN—In Red Cases
WHISKY—Superior Scotch Whiskey in cases and bulk;
SHERRY—Very superior Quality in quarter casks; do in cases,
PORT—Very superior in quarter casks and cases;
CHAMPAGNE—An assortment of Brands;
SPARKLING MOSSEL of Superior Quality
MOSSEL—A few cases genuine Hock;
JANION, RHODES & CO.

WINDOW GLASS—1 Sizes.
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BOILED LINSEED OIL in Iron Drums, of superior Quality.
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

WHITE LEAD and WHITE ZINC
PAINTS in 20 lb Tins,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

CORKS—
A Large Assortment,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BOTTLED BEER

BASS' PALE ALE—Bottled by Blood, Wolfe & Co.
IND COOPE & CO'S CELEBRATED BURTON ALE—In Pints and Quarts.
JERREY'S EDINBURGH PALE ALE—Bottled by Burke.
BLOOD, WOLFE & CO'S CELEBRATED BURTON ALE
The above Favorite Brands are all of Recent Importation and in splendid condition.
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

OATMEAL—Finest Scotch Oatmeal in Tins,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BISCUITS—Assorted Fancy Biscuits,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

MARRIOTT'S BULK ALE—In Fine Order,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BLANKETS—3, 3 1/2 and 4 Point, all Colors,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

GRAIN SACKS—
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

FLOUR SACKS—Cotton and Linen,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

COFFEE—A Superior Lot of Kona Coffee,
For Sale low by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

CLOTHING AND UNDERCLOTHING
A Large assortment of Superior Quality,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

OILCLOTHS—Finest quality of Scotch Floor Cloths, assorted widths
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

MANILLA CORDAGE—All Sizes, best Quality,
For Sale in quantities to suit, by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

CANVASS—Best Hemp Canvass, all Numbers,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

CHAMPAGNE—The undersigned are Sole Agents for Reims and Paris of the celebrated Champagnes, which they now have in Bond or Duty paid.
JANION, RHODES & CO.

OLDEN'S STORES—A Large Assortment,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

PLASTER OF PARIS,
CEMENT,
FIRE BRICK,
BLACKSMITH'S COAL,
For Sale low by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BAR IRON—A Large Assortment,
For Sale low by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

PIG IRON—50 Tons on Hand
And for Sale low by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

SOAP—2000 Boxes Yellow Soap,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

WINDOW HOLLANDS,
TABLE CLOTHS,
And a Large Assortment of Upholsterer's Goods,
For Sale low by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

SALT BEER—In Barrels,
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.
ap2 2w

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GIN—In Red Cases
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SHERRY—Very superior Quality in quarter casks; do in cases,
PORT—Very superior in quarter casks and cases;
CHAMPAGNE—An assortment of Brands;
SPARKLING MOSSEL of Superior Quality
MOSSEL—A few cases genuine Hock;
JANION, RHODES & CO.

WINDOW GLASS—1 Sizes.
For Sale by
JANION, RHODES & CO.

BOILED LINSEED OIL in Iron Drums, of superior Quality.
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JANION, RHODES & CO.

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JANION, RHODES & CO.

MANILLA CORDAGE—All Sizes, best Quality,
For Sale in quantities to suit, by

Insurance.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPY

FIRE AND LIFE.

Head Offices—Liverpool & Lon on.

Capital--£2,000,000 Stg.

Accumulated Funds in hand
£1,200,000 Stg.

ANNUAL INCOME—£700,000 Sterling.

Chairman...Charles Turner, Esq., M.P.
Manager and Actuary...Percy M. Dove, Esq.

Fire Department.

The undersigned, Agents, will receive proposals and effect Insurances on all classes of Fire risks. The Company is enabled to direct the attention of the public with every confidence to the advantages offered in this Branch.

The guarantee of an ample Capital, besides an accumulated Fire Reserved Fund of over £110,000 sterling.

Moderate Premiums.
Prompt and Liberal settlement of Losses.

Loss and damage by explosion of Gas made good.

Life Department.

In accordance with the resolution passed at the last Annual Meeting of the Shareholders, the Agents are authorized to give

SPECIAL NOTICE

The present participating Policy-holders, and all holders of participating Policies issued after 1st January 1868, will become entitled to an increased share of the Profits.

The undersigned, Agents, also wish to direct the attention of the public to some other of the advantages offered by the Company in this Department.

In addition to the guarantee of an ample Capital, the very large Life Reserved Fund of over £900,000.

The large Distribution of Profits, divided every five years, amounting since 1855 to two per cent. per annum on the sum assured,—the greatest bonus ever continuously declared by any Company on all its participating Policies.

The power of the Agents to accept lives without transmitting the proposal to England.

SPROAT & CO.,
STORE STREET,
Agents for Vancouver Island and British Columbia.
Feb 20 3m

New Advertisements.

Sproat & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE

THE UNDERMENTIONED GOODS

EX "MARMORA"

And other arrivals from London.

LIQUORS, &c.

ALE—Bass'—Pale, bottled, in qts
Alsopp's—Pale, bottled, in qts and pts
Wm. McEwan's—Pale, Edinburgh, qts and pts

PORTER—Ryans, bottled in qts and pts

F. Friend & Co., bottled in qts and pts

BRANDY—Hennessy—cask & case
Martell " "
Jules Robin & Co.—in cask and case
Tribot Fils & Co.—very old, in case
Champagne Cognac, very old, in case

GIN—Swain, Boord & Co.'s Old Tom

RUM—Jamaica, in puncheons and hogsheds

WHISKEY—Camlichie, in cask
CHAMPAGNE—Veuve Cliquot, White Grand Mousseux, 1st quality, in qts and pts
Bouzy Cabinet, in qts & pts
Crene de Bouzy, in qts
Giesler, in qts

CLARET—Margaux, La Rose, Linelle, in 1 doz cases

SHERRY—Ronaldson's, Hooper's, Nicholas & Sons, in cask and case

PORT—Ronaldson's, Hooper's, Nicholas & Sons, in cask and case

GROCERIES & OIL.

MAN'S STORES.

Currants in Kegs
Candles—Hale's—in 25 boxes
Stearine— "

Soap—London and Golden
Chicory Powder—Taylor Bros
Hom'co Cocoa " "
hocolate " "
Arrowroot " "
Mustard " "

Spices—Cloves, Cassia, Liquorice, Pimento, White Pepper
Jams and Jellies, in 1 lb. jars
Fruits, bottled, assorted
Pickles—Batty's assorted; and White Onions
Sauces—Worcester, in hlf pts
"THE" SAUCE, in hlf pts
Vinegar, No. 24, in qf casks
" Amber

SUNDRIES.

Boots and Shoes
Boiler Plates
Beltng, double Mill, 12, 6 and 4 inch
Burlaps, 40 inch
Bagging, 42 inch
Canvas
Corks
Colors, in 28 lb. kegs
Floor Cloth
Linseed Oil, best boiled, in casks and drums
Muskets
Saws, Gang
Twine, Seaming and Roping

DRY GOODS,

A Good Assortment.

EX "CALIFORNIA"

China Matting, 54.
ma2 3m

New Advertisements.

GRELLEY & FITERRE.

IMPORTERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FINE ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN
Liquors, Champagnes,
CALIFORNIA WINES,
CLARETS & BRANDIES.

Wharf Street.

A Large Stock of Bonded Wines and Brandies always on hand. To Dealers purchasing in large quantities a Liberal Discount will be made for Cash. All Orders will receive prompt attention.

Brandies.

IN BULK AND CASE:

HNENNESSY,
MARTELL,
SAZERAC,
J. ROBIN,
ARZAC-SEIGNETTE,
OTARD DUPOY,
BERNARD

Whiskies,

SCOTCH,
IRISH,
BOURBON,

Claret Wines,

G. P. ELLER & CO.,
ST. JULIEN,
CHATEAU PERGANDON,
CHATEAU MARGAUX,
ST. EMILION,
CHATEAU De Portets Lognac,
ST. LAUBES,
LAROSE,

Champagne Wines,

NAPOLEON'S CABINET,
BOUCHE,
E. CLICQUOT,
GRAPE LEAF,
JULES MUMM,
MOSELLE,
MUSCATEL MOSELLE,
JACKETAS, Etc., Etc.

White Wines.

HAUT SAUTERNES,
RUDESHEIME,
SCHARLAGBERGER,
CKEIMER.

Ciders,

OREGON and **BANCROFT**.

Porter,

BLOOD, **WOLFE & CO.**
BYASS.

Liqueurs,

CURACOA,
MARASCHINO,
CASSIS,
ANNISETTE,
CHERRY CORDIAL,
ASSORTED LIQUEURS, Fancy Bottles.

Jamaica Ginger and Peppermint.

Rums.

JAMAICA,
DEMARARA,
NEW ENGLAND.

APPLE JACK.

Gins,

S. B. & Co. OLD TOM, in Bulk and Case.
PURE SCHIEDAM HOLLAND GIN, J K Z, in Bulk and Case.

Sherry & Port Wines

IN BULK AND CASE.

Bitters.

BOKER'S,
HOTSETTER,
ORANGE,
COCKTAIL,
STOUGHTON,

Absinthe,

PERNOD,
BERGER,
SAINSEVAIN WINE BITTERS.

AGENCY OF

Sainsevain's Wine and Wine Bitters, **Hostetter's Bitters**, **Bancroft's Cider**.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

NAPOLEON'S CABINET CHAMPAGNE.
BOUCHE Do.
PRELLER CLARET.

AGENTS OF **BOUCHE, FILS & CO**
OF **MARENI L-BUR AY**,
CHAMPAGNE, FRANCE.
ap2 2m D & W

New Advertisements.

Fountain Place,

Corner of Yates and Douglas Streets.

D. Edward's,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
NEW & SECOND-HAND FURNITURE,
CROCKERY, CHINA,
GLASSWARE,
BEDDING, CARPETS, BLANKETS,
Lamps, Hardware, Tools,
Electro-Plated Ware,
TABIE CUTLERY.

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

Children's Carriages,

&c.....&c.....&c.

Also, a large quantity of Nairn & Co.'s
OIL CLOTH,
Paper Hangings,
12½ Cents per Roll and upwards,
in quantities to suit.
ma28 2m

Jesse Cowper,



WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Boots & Shoes

LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS

Yates St., opp. Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.
At the Old Stand of Webster & Co., is prepared to supply the wants of the Public in his line.

THE LATEST STYLES

Received by every arrival from England and France
ma6 1m

Soap! Soap! Soap

Yardley & CO.'s

PRIZE MEDAL SOAP

In Tablets, Bars and Packages.

Also, their Celebrated:

Hair Oil, "Lime Juice Glycerine,"

The Ripulitor Hair Wash

"A Surpassing Comfort and Luxury."

A consignment of the above and a complete assortment of

FRESH DRUGS,

Chemicals & Perfumery,

Just received from London, by

ap8 3m **LANGLEY & CO.**, Yates street.

1868.

BARNARD'S STAGES.

CARRYING MAILS, EXPRESS AND PASSENGERS.



WILL LEAVE YALE EVERY

MONDAY MORNING, at 6,

And connect every THURSDAY EVENING with

"ENTERPRISE"

At Soda Creek, for Quenelle; reaching Barkerville on Saturday evenings.

FARE TO SODA CREEK - - \$60.

Fast Freight contracted for at reasonable rate.

Passengers by this Line must leave Victoria by FRIDAY'S Steamer to make the connection.
Office, next door to Wells, Fargo & Co., Yates street.
ap6 1m **F. J. BARNARD**.

THE FIRST GOLD MEDAL

WAS AWARDED TO

J. & F. HOWARD

AT THE

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.

J. & F. HOWARD,

Britannia Iron Works, Bedford,
Patentees and Manufacturers of
CHAMPION PLOUGHS,
STEAM CULTIVATORS, STEAM PLOUGHS,
HARROWS, HORSE RAKES,
And other Agricultural Implements.

From their long experience and great manufacturing facilities, J. & F. Howard are in a position to supply Agricultural Machinery, not only of the best design, but of the best workmanship. It is possible to produce. Their aim for many years has been to manufacture implements which, whilst most efficient in work, should prove economical and durable in use. Being extensive farmers themselves, they have full opportunities of testing every machine before offering it to the public.

Catalogues, with full particulars, sent free on application.
London Office—4, Cheapside, three doors from St Paul's.
jel 1y

Medical.

French Medicines,

PREPARED BY

GRIMAULT & CO.

Chemists to H.I.P. Prince Napoleon,

PARIS.

These different medicines represent the most recent medical discoveries, founded on the principles of Chemistry and Therapeutics. They must not be confounded with secret or quack medicines, as their names sufficiently indicate their composition; a circumstance which has caused them to be appreciated and prescribed by the Faculty in the whole world. They widely differ from those numerous medicines advertised in the public papers as able to cure every possible disease, as they are applicable only to but a very few complaints. The most stringent laws exist in France with regard to the sale of medical preparations, and only those which have undergone an examination by the Academy of Medicine and have been proved efficacious, either in the hospitals or in the practice of the first medical men, are authorised by the Government. This fact must be a guarantee for the excellence of Messrs. Grimault et Co.'s Medicines.

NO MORE COD LIVER OIL!

Grimault's Syrup of Iodized Horse Radish.

This medicine has been administered with the utmost success in the Hospitals of Paris. It is a perfect substitute for Cod Liver Oil, and has been found most beneficial in Diseases of the Chest, scrofula, Lymphatic Disorders, Green Sickness, Muscular Atony, and Loss of Appetite. It regenerates the constitution in purifying the blood, it being the most powerful depurative known. It has also been applied with happy results in Diseases of the Skin. Further, it will be found to be of great benefit to young children subject to Humors and Obstructions of the Glands.

NSUMPTION CURED!

Grimault's Syrup of Hypophosphite of Lime.

This new medicine is considered to be a sovereign remedy in case of Phtisis and other Diseases of the Lungs. It promptly removes the most serious symptoms. The cough is relieved, night perspirations cease and the patient is rapidly restored to health.
N.B.—Be sure to see that the signature of Grimault & Co. is affixed to the bottle, as this Syrup is liable to imitations.

NO MORE DIFFICULT OR PAINFUL DIGESTION!

DR BURIN DUBUISSON'S

(Laureate of the Paris Imperial Academy of Medicine)

DIGESTIVE LOZENGES

This delicious preparation is always prescribed by the most reputed medical men in France in cases of derangements of the digestive organs, such as

Gastritis,
Catarrhs,
Long and Laborious Digestion,
Wind in the Stomach and Bowels,
Emaciation,
Jaundice, and
Complaints of the Liver & Lungs

NERVOUS HEADACHE,
NEURALGIA,
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY,

INSTANTLY CURED BY

Grimault's Guarana.

This vegetable substance, which grows in the Brazil has been employed since time immemorial to cure Inflammation of the Bowels. It has proved to be of the greatest service in cases of Cholera, as it is a preventive and a cure in cases of Diarrhœa.

NO MORE COPAIBA OR CUBEBES!

Grimault's Capsules and Liquid Extract of Matico Vegetalis.

Where all other preparations have failed these preparations will always effect a cure. These insure rapid and extraordinary cure of severe recent and chronic cases of private diseases. They are used in the hospitals of Paris, by the celebrated Dr Ricard, and found greatly superior to all hitherto known mineral remedies and Copal and Cubebæ. The Injection is used in recent, and capsules in more chronic cases.

GENERAL DEPOTS:

In Victoria—Messrs. **LANGLEY & CO.**

In Paris—At **Grimault & Co.'s**
45 Rue Richelieu.
jel 1y

Insurance.

Northern Assurance Co

FOR

FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED 1861

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT

CAPITAL, \$10,000,000,

Fully subscribed by upwards of 700 Shareholders, whose personal liability is unlimited.

VESTED FUNDS, \$3,000,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

This Company grant Insurances against Fire on every description of property.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

This Institution proposes as the rates of premium applicable to Europe, which on examination will be found more advantageous than those charged by other Offices having Agencies here. It unites all the advantages of a Mutual Association with the security of a Proprietary Company. The Participation Branch is conducted by the Proprietors of the Company for a charge of 10 per cent. on the premiums, without any other deduction whatever. Thus the assured enjoy the profit without the liability of the Mutual System.

The participation in profits has been most liberally should claims arise before the next investigation, a prospective bonus of nearly 1½ per cent. is allotted.

JANION, RHODES & CO.
AGENTS.

A CARD.

BUILDERS'

Insurance Company.

POLICIES ISSUED ON ALL CLASSES OF

FIRE AND MARINE RISKS.

METHOD OF BUSINESS

Fines—Low Charges.

Turn—No Delay in Payment of Losses.

Points—All disputes which may arise are to be settled by arbitration.

President.....**THOMAS MOONEY**

R. M. ADAMS,

Agent, Victoria.

Phoenix Fire Assurance

COMPANY.

LOMBARD STREET and CHARING CROSS,

LONDON.

Established 1783.

For Insuring every kind of Property

in all parts of the World from

Loss or Damage by Fire.

THE PROMPTITUDE AND LIBERALITY WITH WHICH

its engagements are always met by this Company, is well known, and the importance of its relations with the public may be estimated from the fact that since its establishment, it has paid more than one million sterling in discharge of claims for Losses by Fire.

The security offered to the public by the Phoenix Office is unquestionable, inasmuch as the large invested capital of the Company, the whole fortunes of numerous proprietors, composed of some of the most opulent merchants and others in the United Kingdom, Annual and short time Insurances are effected upon all kinds of property in Vancouver Island and British Columbia on the most favorable terms.

Rates and Particulars of Insurance may be had on application to

ap1 2m **ROBERT BRAVEN**, Acting Agent, Government Street.

Marine Insurance.

THE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY

of San Francisco.

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY, CAPITAL

Stock, \$750,000.

For Insuring Merchandise, Treasure, Commissions, Profile &c. For information, rates of Premium, &c., Apply to

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